Rebroadcasting packet in NetSim MANET\VANETs

Software: NetSim Standard v13.0 (32bit/ 64bit), Microsoft Visual Studio2019

Project Download Link:

https://github.com/NetSim-TETCOS/Probability-based-

rebroadcast_v13.0/archive/refs/heads/main.zip

Follow the instructions specified in the following link to download and setup the Project in NetSim:

https://support.tetcos.com/en/support/solutions/articles/14000128666-downloading-and-setting-up-netsim-file-exchange-projects

Broadcasting

Broadcasting is the process of sending a message from one node to all other nodes in an ad-hoc network. It is a fundamental operation for communication in ad-hoc networks as it allows for the update of network information and route discovery at every node.

Rebroadcasting

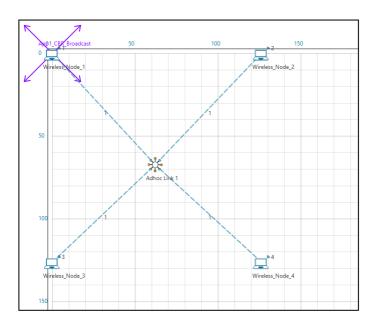


Figure 1: Network Scenario created in MANET

Wireless Node 1 initiates a broadcast message, and the message is received by nodes 2, 3 and 4. 2, 3 and 4 rebroadcast the message if they have not broadcasted that before. Furthermore, this implementation involves a Rebroadcast_Probability based on which the nodes resend the packets.

Probability-based rebroadcasting - The decision of rebroadcasting is based upon a random probability. This probability may be as simple as flipping a coin or it may be very complex involving probabilities which include parameters such as node density, duplicate packets received, battery power or a particular nodes participation within the network etc. Users can change the Rebroadcast_Probability macros present in Rebroadcast.c file as shown below:

Figure 2: Rebroadcast Probability

Rebroadcasting in NetSim

To implement this project in NetSim, we have created an additional Rebroadcast.c file inside Application project. The file contains the following functions:

- void rebroadcast_packet(); //This function is used to rebroadcast the packet.
- static bool isRebroadcastAllowed(); //This function is used to check whether rebroadcasting
 is allowed or not.
- void rebroadcast_add_packet_to_info(); //This function is used to add the packet to rebroadcast list.
- static void cleanup_broadcast_info();//This function is used to clean the broadcast information.

Steps to simulate

- Open the Source codes in Visual Studio by going to Your work-> Workspace Options and Clicking on Open code button in NetSim Home Screen window.
- Right click on Solution in Solution Explorer and select 'Rebuild solution.

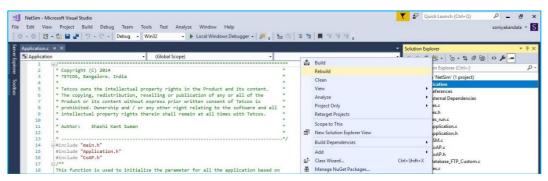


Figure 3: Screen shot of NetSim project source code in Visual Studio

 Upon rebuilding, libApplication.dll will automatically get updated in the respective bin folder of the current workspace.

Example

- The Worksapce_Rebroadcasting comes with a sample network configuration that are already saved. To open this example, go to Your work in the Home screen of NetSim and click on the Rebroadcasting_VANET_Example/Rebroadcasting_MANET_Example from the list of experiments.
- 2. Run the simulation for 100 seconds.

VANET SCENARIO

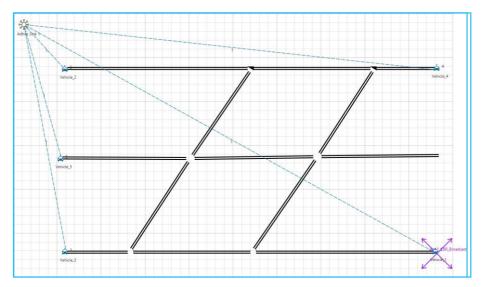


Figure 4: Network Scenario created in VANET

Results and discussion

- In the above scenario, Vehicle-1 is broadcasting the packet and it is received by the Vehicles 2, 3 and 4. Then Vehicles 2, 3, and 4 will rebroadcast the same packet based on the probability value in Rebroadcast.c file.
- After simulation, open Packet Trace and filter Packet_Id to '1' or any other id and observe that the nodes other than source are rebroadcasting the same packet.

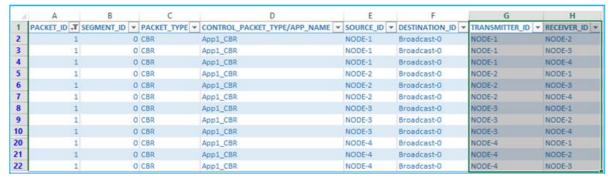


Figure 5: NetSim Packet Trace

- Note that Users SHOULD NOT use the performance metrics provided at the end of simulation but should rather calculate the network performance metrics from the packet trace
- Users can also create their own network scenarios in Single MANET/VANET and run the simulation.

Changes to int fn_NetSim_Application_Run()function in the APPLICATION_IN_EVENT, in Application.c file, within Application project

```
/*This is used to generate next broadcast packet if the current device is present in the source list*/
_declspec (dllexport) int fn_NetSim_Application_Run()
switch(pstruEventDetails->nEventType)
case APPLICATION_OUT_EVENT:
handle_app_out();
break:
case APPLICATION IN EVENT:
NetSim PACKET* pstruPacket=pstruEventDetails->pPacket;
if(pstruPacket->nPacketType != PacketType Control && pstruPacket->pstruAppData-
>nApplicationId &&
pstruPacket->nControlDataType/100 != PROTOCOL_APPLICATION)
ptrAPPLICATION_INFO pstruappinfo;
fnValidatePacket(pstruPacket):
pstruappinfo=applicationInfo[pstruPacket->pstruAppData->nApplicationId-1];
pstruPacket->pstruAppData->dEndTime = pstruEventDetails->dEventTime;
fn_NetSim_Application_Plot(pstruPacket);
#ifdef REBROADCAST
if (pstruappinfo->sourceList[0] == pstruPacket->nSourceId)
#endif
appmetrics_dest_add(pstruappinfo, pstruPacket, pstruEventDetails->nDeviceId);
if(pstruappinfo->nAppType==TRAFFIC PEER TO PEER && pstruPacket->pstruAppData-
>nAppEndFlag==1)
fn NetSim Application P2P MarkReceivedPacket(pstruappinfo,pstruPacket);
fn_NetSim_Application_P2P_SendNextPiece(pstruappinfo,get_first_dest_from_packet(pstruPacket
),pstruEventDetails->dEventTime);
Changes to handle_app_out() function, in APP_OUT.c file, within Application project
```

/*The code checks if the destination is '0' i.e., Broadcast packet, then it adds the packet to

double segmentsize = fn NetSim Stack GetMSS(pstruPacket);

(int)fn_NetSim_Stack_GetMSS(pstruPacket));

nSegmentCount = fn NetSim Stack FragmentPacket(pstruPacket,

rebroadcast list*/

//Fragment the packet

int nSegmentCount = 0;

```
//add rebroadcast
#ifdef REBROADCAST
if (appInfo->sourceList[0] == pstruEventDetails->nDeviceId)
#endif
set_app_end_and_generate_next_packet(pstruPacket, otherDetails, destCount, dest);
//Add the dummy payload to packet
fn_NetSim_Add_DummyPayload(pstruPacket, appInfo);
#ifdef REBROADCAST
if (appInfo->sourceList[0] == pstruEventDetails->nDeviceId)
#endif
appmetrics src add(applnfo, pstruPacket);
appout send packet(s, applnfo, pstruPacket, nDeviceId);
#ifdef REBROADCAST
if (!dest[0])
rebroadcast add packet to info(pstruPacket, pstruEventDetails->dEventTime);
#endif // REBROADCAST
}
Changes to int fn_NetSim_Application_Run()function in the APPLICATION_IN_EVENT, in
Application.c file, within Application project
/* It checks whether the destination is '0' or not. If it is '0', then it rebroadcasts the packet or else
deletes the packet.*/
#ifdef REBROADCAST
if (pstruappinfo->sourceList[0] == pstruPacket->nSourceId)
#endif
appmetrics_dest_add(pstruappinfo, pstruPacket, pstruEventDetails->nDeviceId);
if(pstruappinfo->nAppType==TRAFFIC PEER TO PEER && pstruPacket->pstruAppData-
>nAppEndFlag==1)
fn_NetSim_Application_P2P_MarkReceivedPacket(pstruappinfo,pstruPacket);
fn_NetSim_Application_P2P_SendNextPiece(pstruappinfo,get_first_dest_from_packet(pstruPacke
t),pstruEventDetails->dEventTime);
if(pstruappinfo->nAppType == TRAFFIC_EMULATION && pstruPacket->szPayload)
fn_NetSim_Dispatch_to_emulator(pstruPacket);
if (pstruappinfo->nAppType == TRAFFIC_BSM_APP)
```

```
process_saej2735_packet(pstruPacket);
#ifdef REBROADCAST
UINT destCount:
NETSIM_ID* dest = get_dest_from_packet(pstruPacket, &destCount);
if (!dest[0])
rebroadcast packet(pstruPacket,
pstruEventDetails->nDeviceId,
pstruEventDetails->dEventTime);
}
else
#elif
//Delete the packet
fn_NetSim_Packet_FreePacket(pstruPacket);
//add
#endif
// REBROADCAST
#ifdef REBROADCAST
}
#endif
}
```

Added the following function declarations in Application.h file, within Application project

```
int fn_NetSim_Add_DummyPayload(NetSim_PACKET* packet, ptrAPPLICATION_INFO);

//Encryption
char xor_encrypt(char ch, long key);
int aes256(char* str, int* len);
int des(char* buf, int* len);

//Application event handler
void handle_app_out();

#define REBROADCAST
void rebroadcast_add_packet_to_info(NetSim_PACKET* packet, double time);
void rebroadcast_packet(NetSim_PACKET* packet, NETSIM_ID devId, double time);
#endif
```